

Clustered Deferred and Forward Shading

# Clustered Shading

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**CHALMERS**

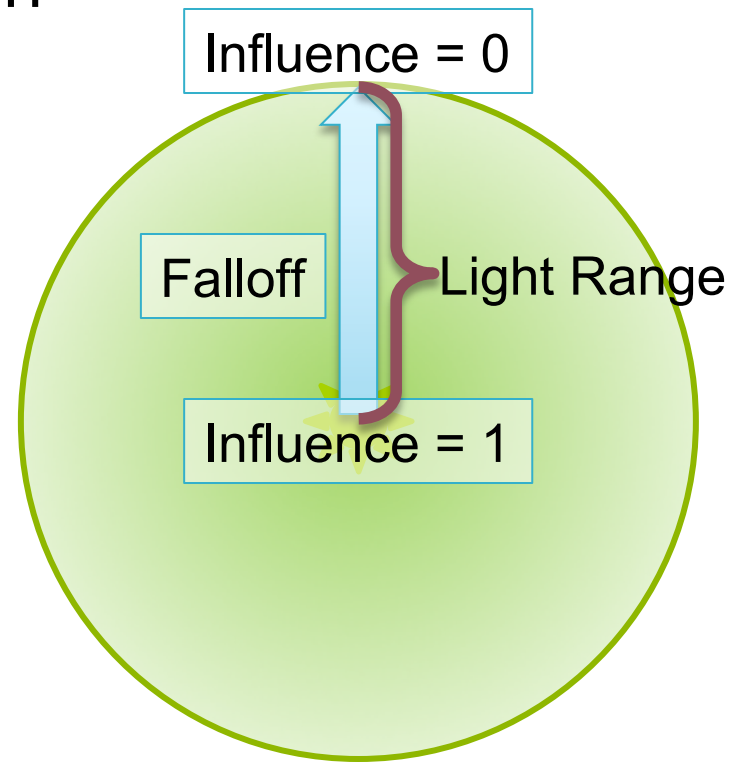
# Presentation Roadmap

- Brief summary of properties
- Tiled Shading recap
- Tiled Shading Problems
- Clustered Shading
  - Algorithm
  - Results

# Clustered Shading

## -What does it do?

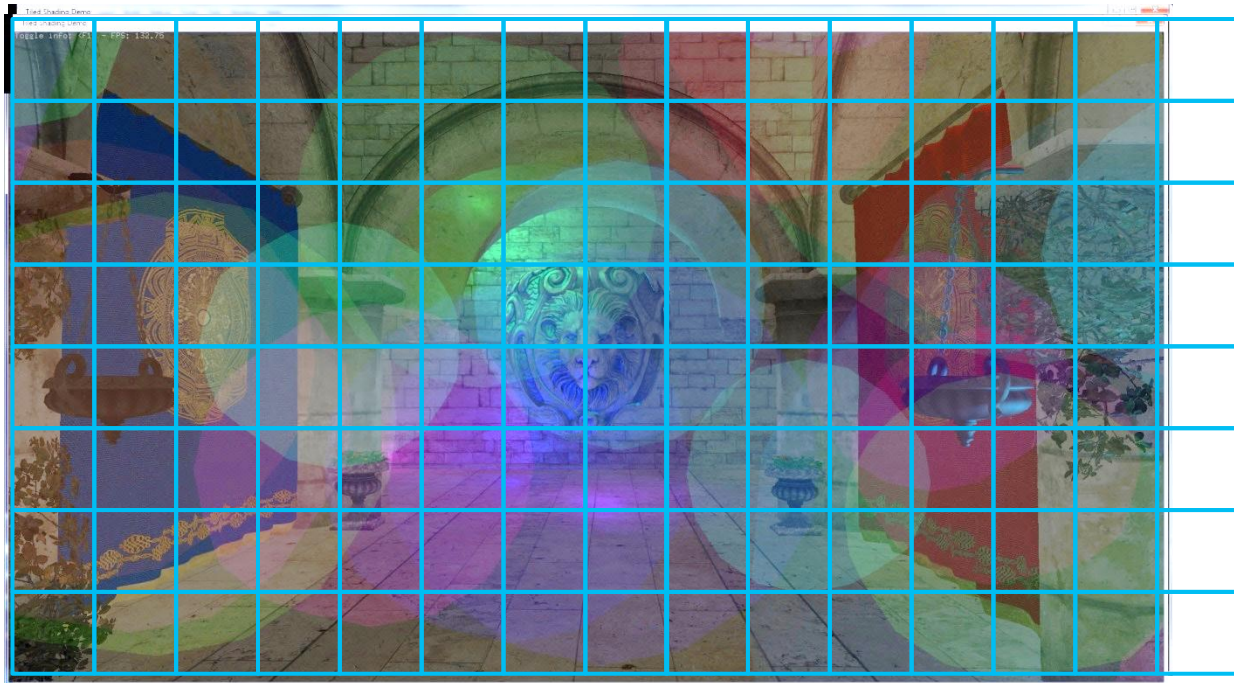
- Real-time shading algorithm
  - Thousands of lights
    - Limited range light
    - No shadows
  - Fully dynamic
    - Lights and Geometry
- Robust performance
  - Low overhead
  - Low view-dependence
  - Scales to 1M lights.
  - Handles noisy depth distributions



# Tiled Shading Recap

## -The Light Grid

- ▶ Screen Space Tiles
  - E.g. 32x32 pixels
  - Each contains list of lights
- ▶ For each light
  - Find screen space AABB
  - Add to tiles

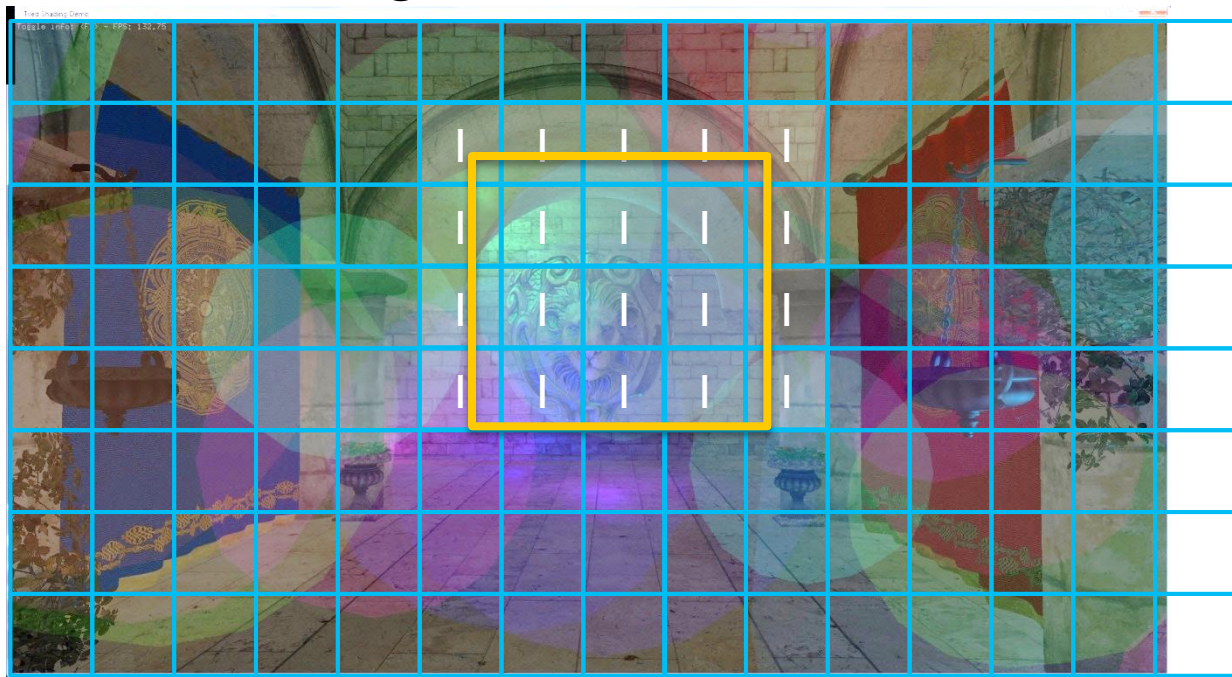




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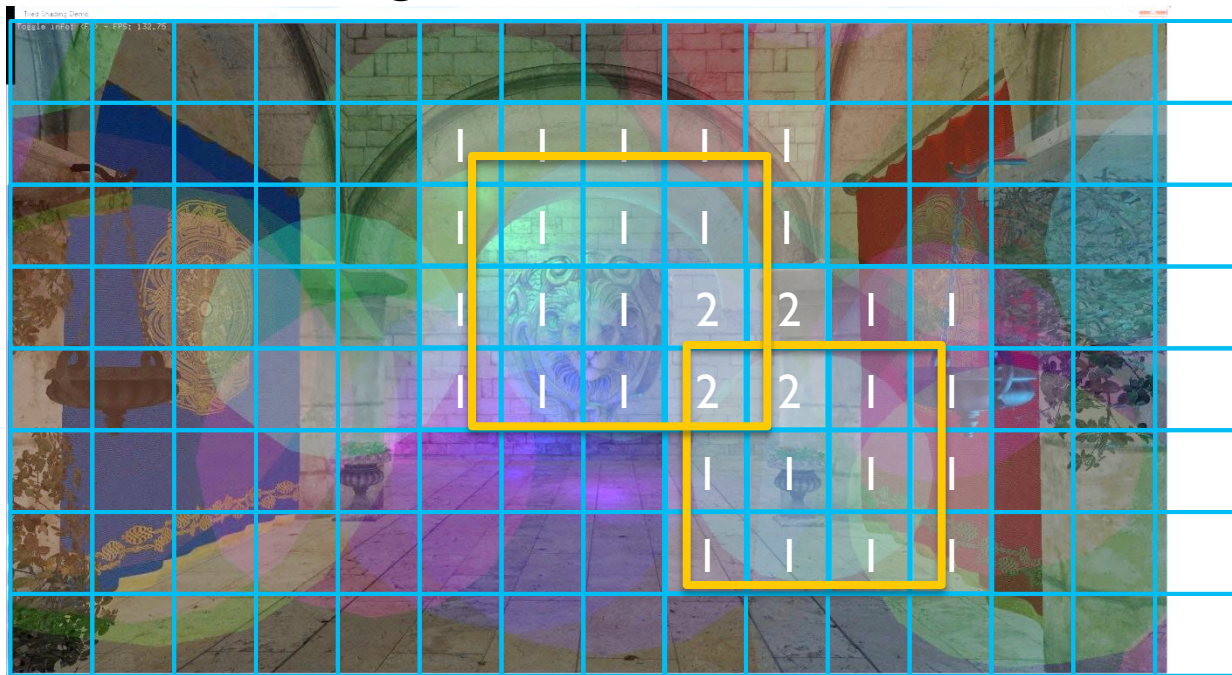
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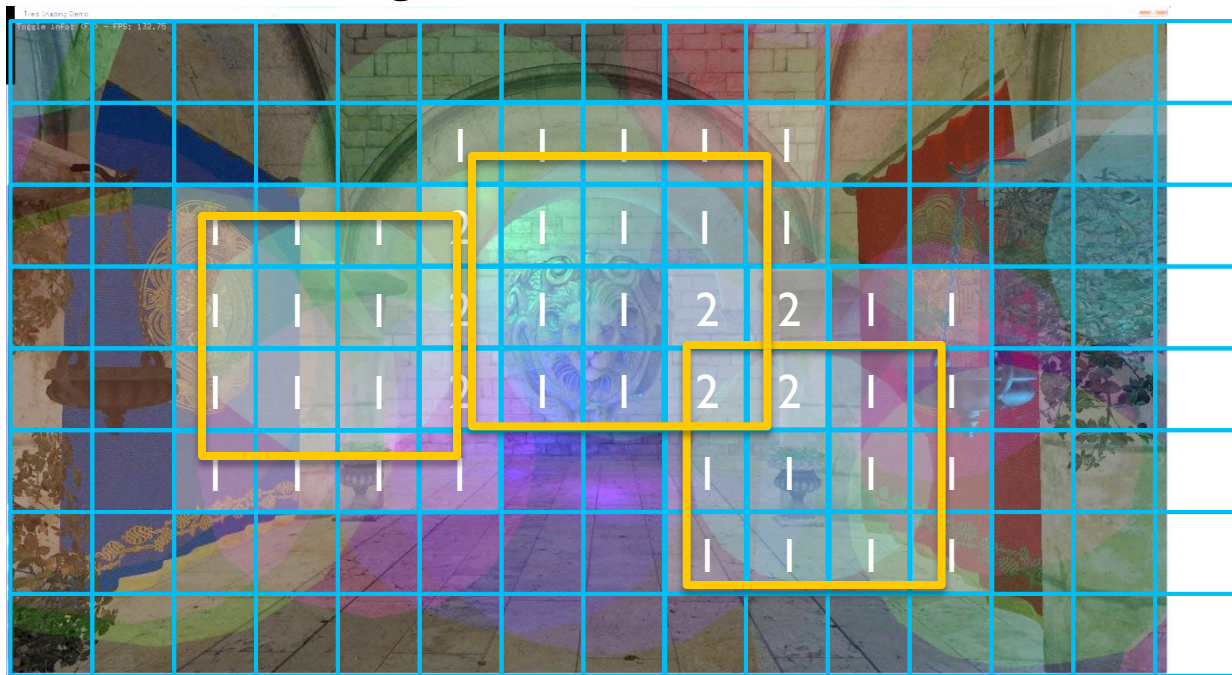
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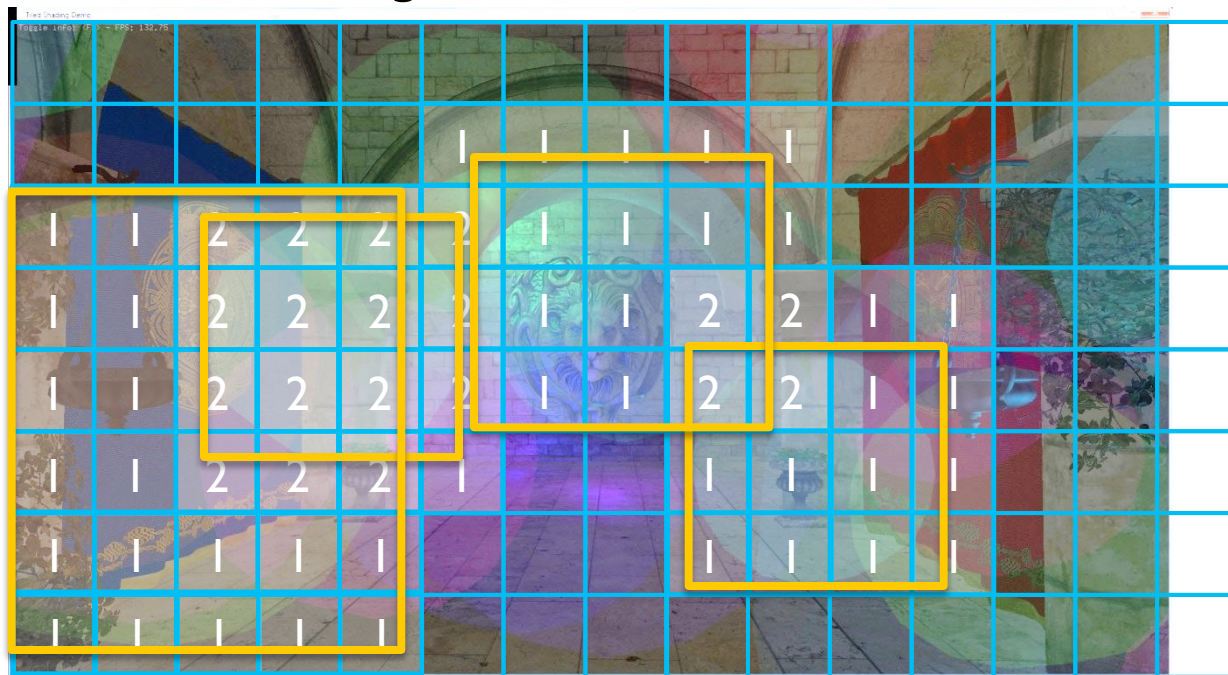




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# Tiled Shading Recap

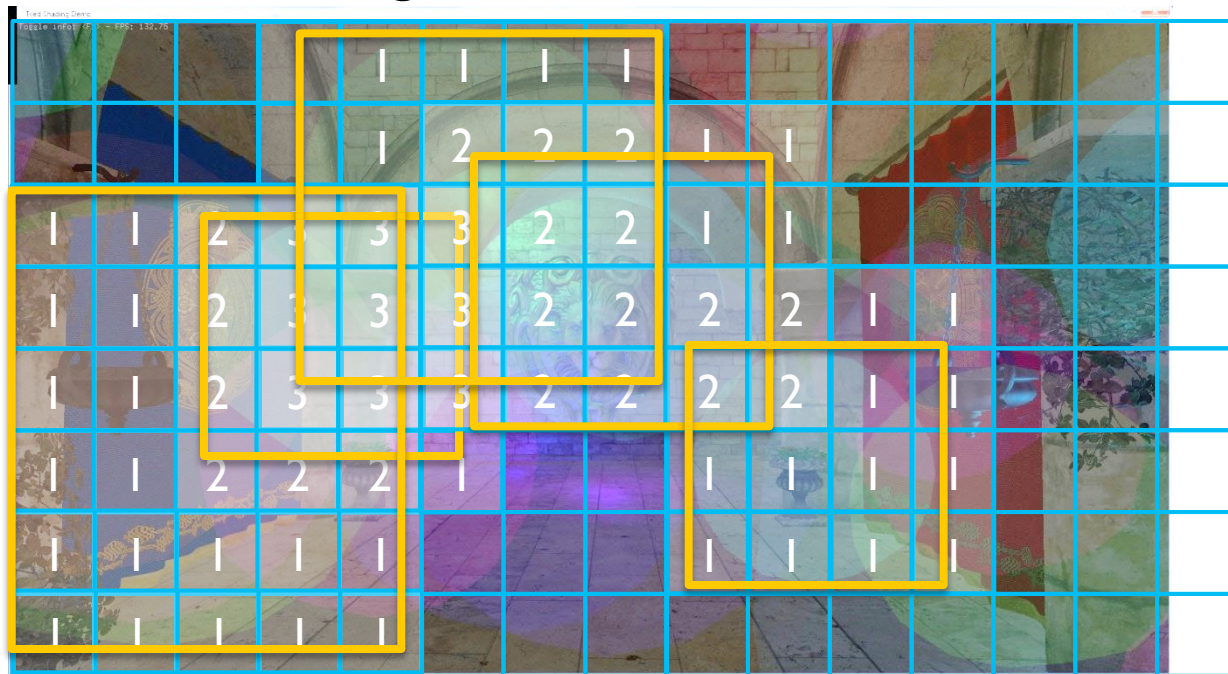
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- ▶ For each light

- Find screen space AABB
- Add to tiles



# Tiled Shading Recap

## - Full Screen Shading Pass

```
out vec4 resultColor;
```

```
void main()
```

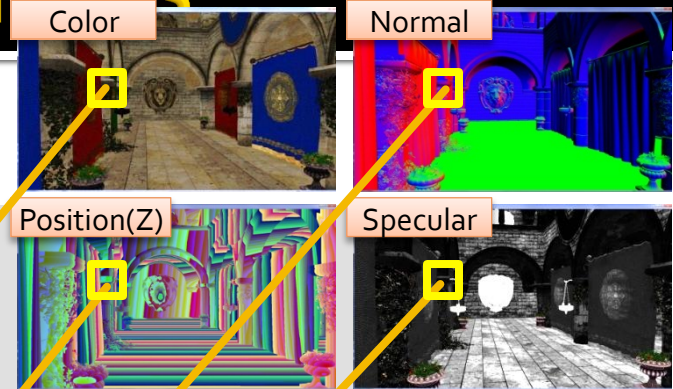
```
{
```

```
    vec3 color = texelFetch(colorTex, gl_FragCoord);  
    vec3 specular = texelFetch(specularTex, gl_FragCoord);  
    vec3 normal = texelFetch(normalTex, gl_FragCoord);  
    vec3 position = fetchPosition(gl_FragCoord);
```

```
    vec3 shading = accumulate for each light in tile;
```

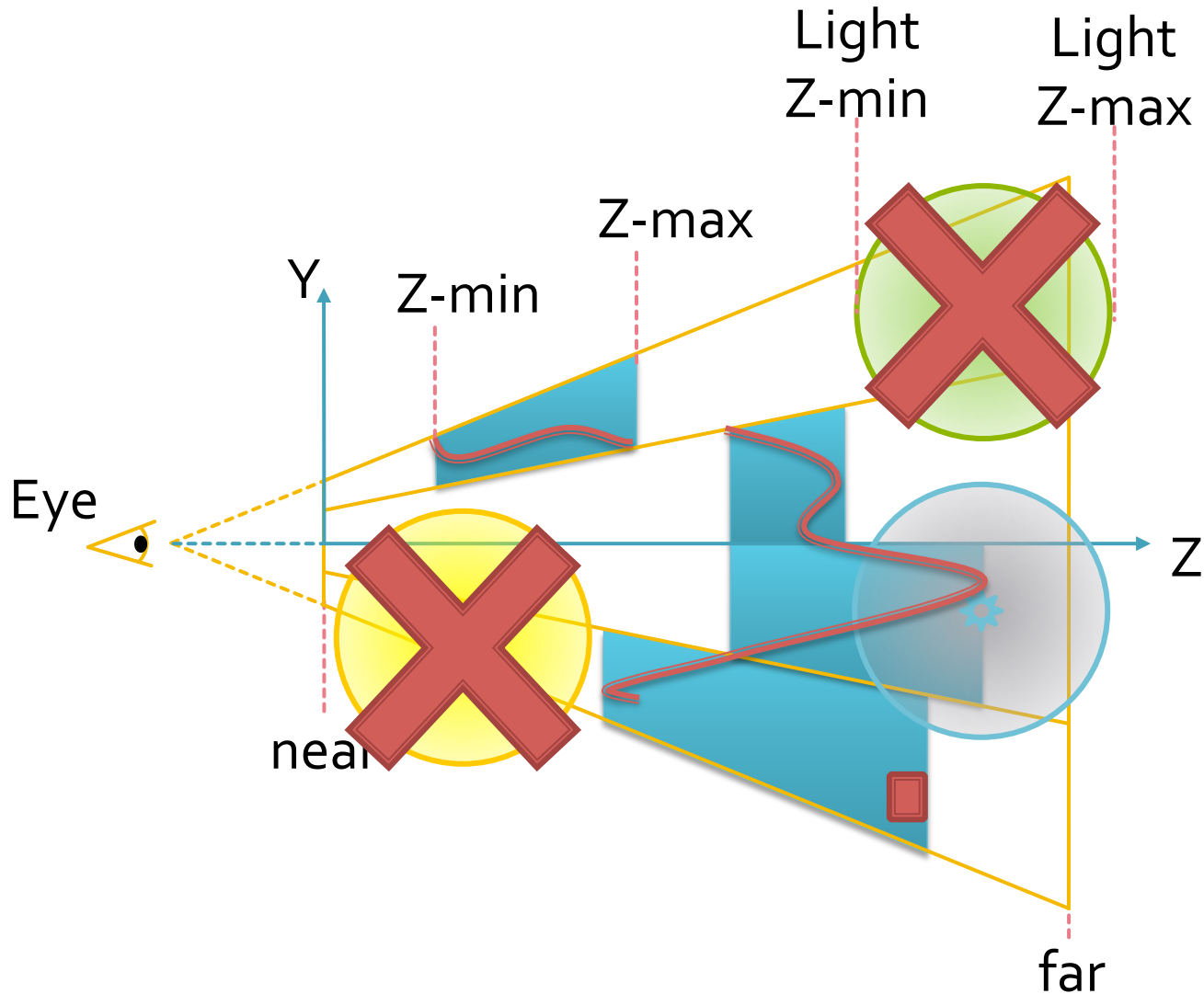
```
    resultColor = vec4(shading, 1.0);
```

```
}
```



# Tiled Shading Recap

## -Depth Range Optimization





# Tiles In 3D<sup>®</sup> - the movie<sup>™</sup>

## UDK Necropolis CTF

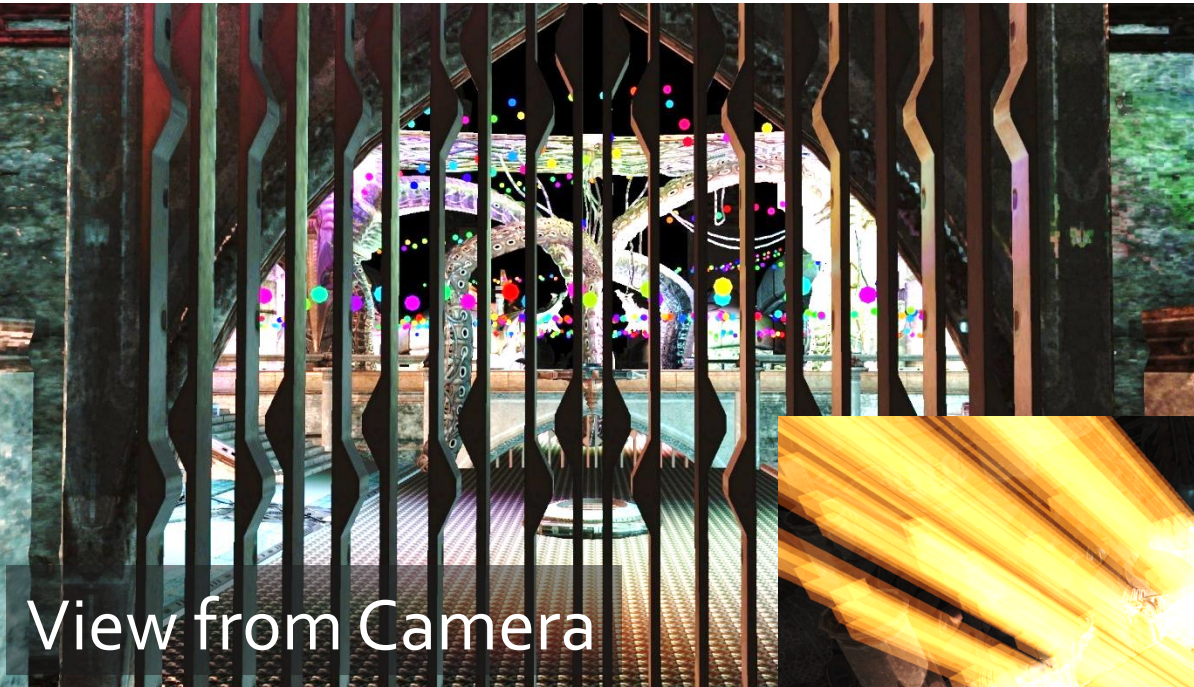




# Tiled Shading

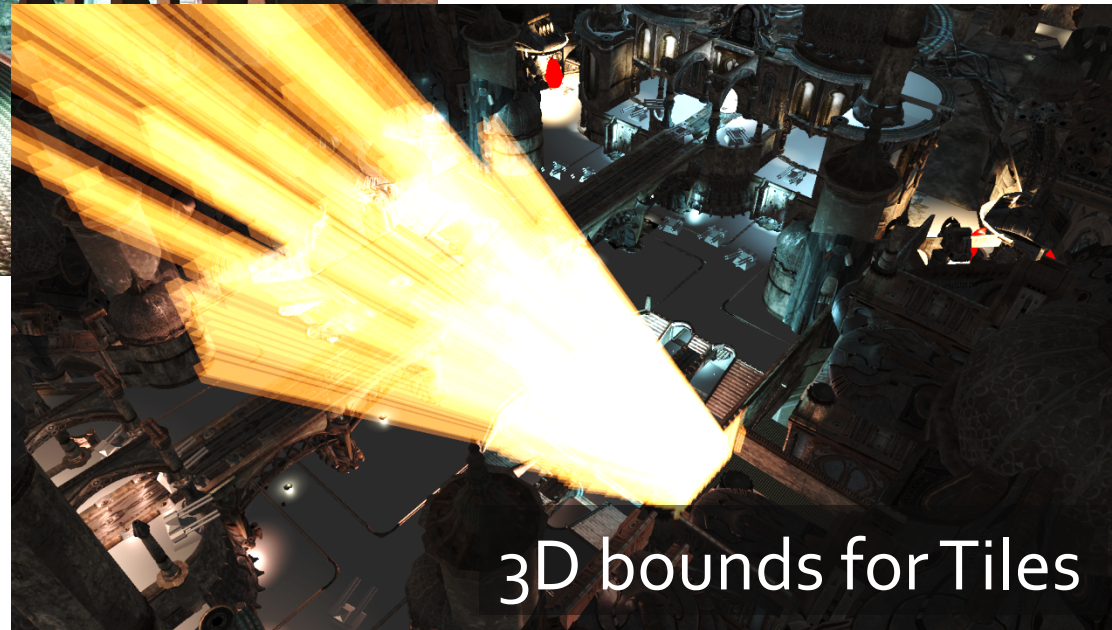
## -The Discontinuity Dysfunction

- - Unreal 3 Scene
  - 'Necropolis'
- - Tricky view
  - But not artificial



View from Camera

- 2D tiles with depth bounds
- High light density



3D bounds for Tiles

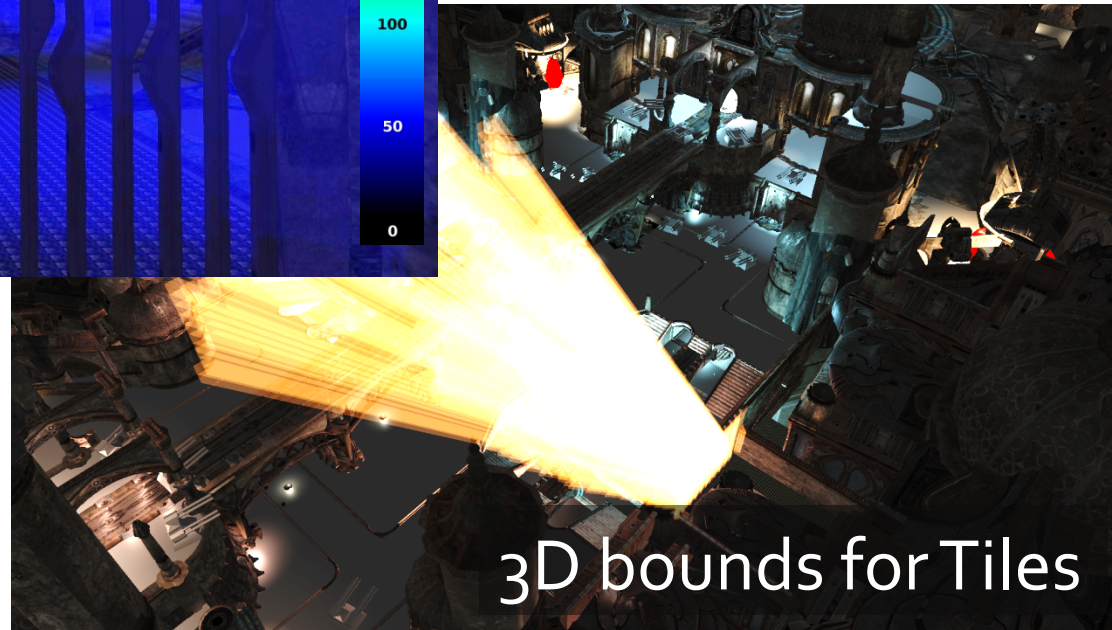
# Tiled Shading

## -The Discontinuity Dysfunction



- Black = zero
- Green ~ 150
- White > 300

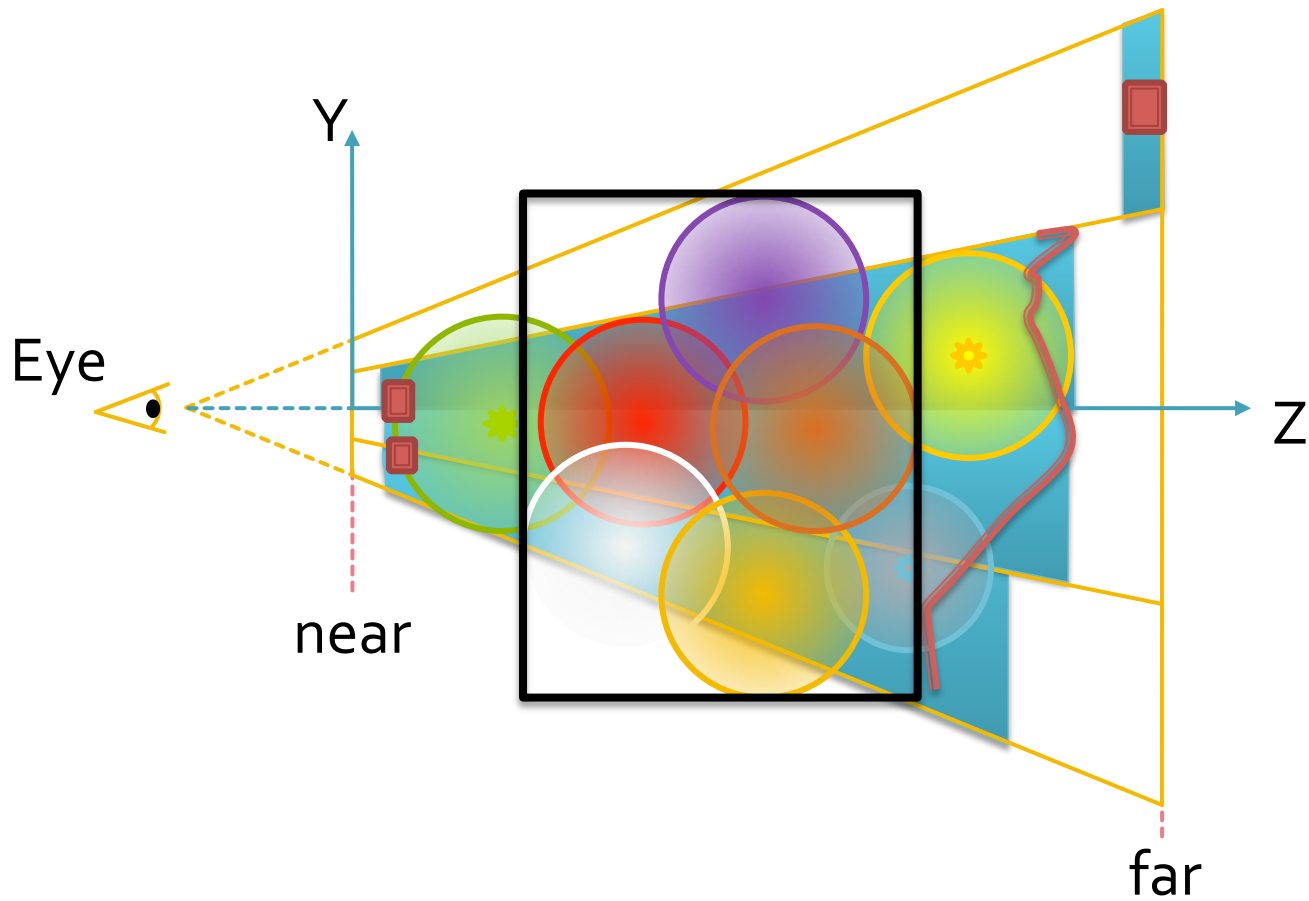
- Tiled: 18.8ms
- Clustered: 9.4 ms





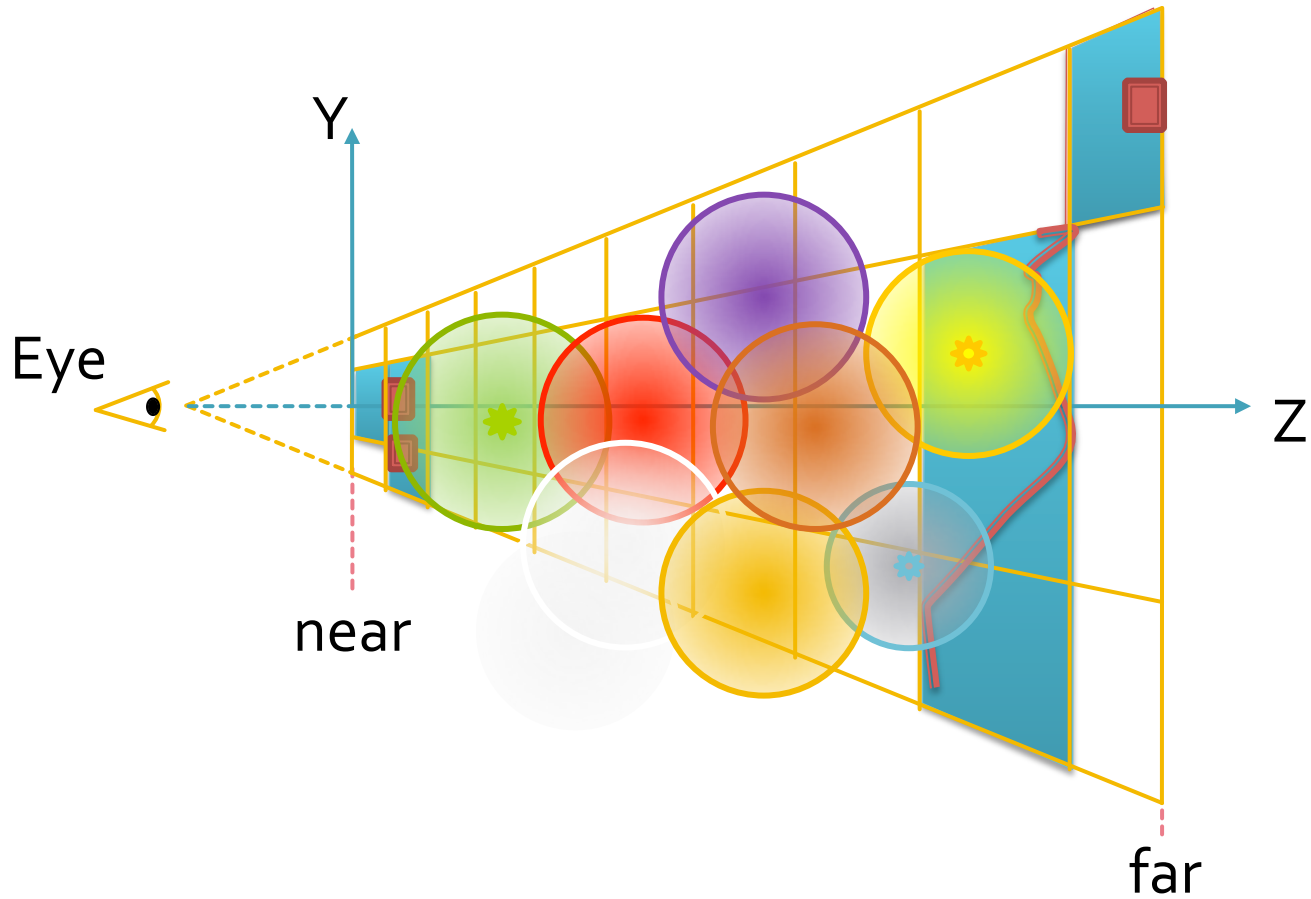
# Tiled Shading

## -The Discontinuity Dysfunction



# Clustered Shading

## - Our solution



# Clustered Shading

## -Idea

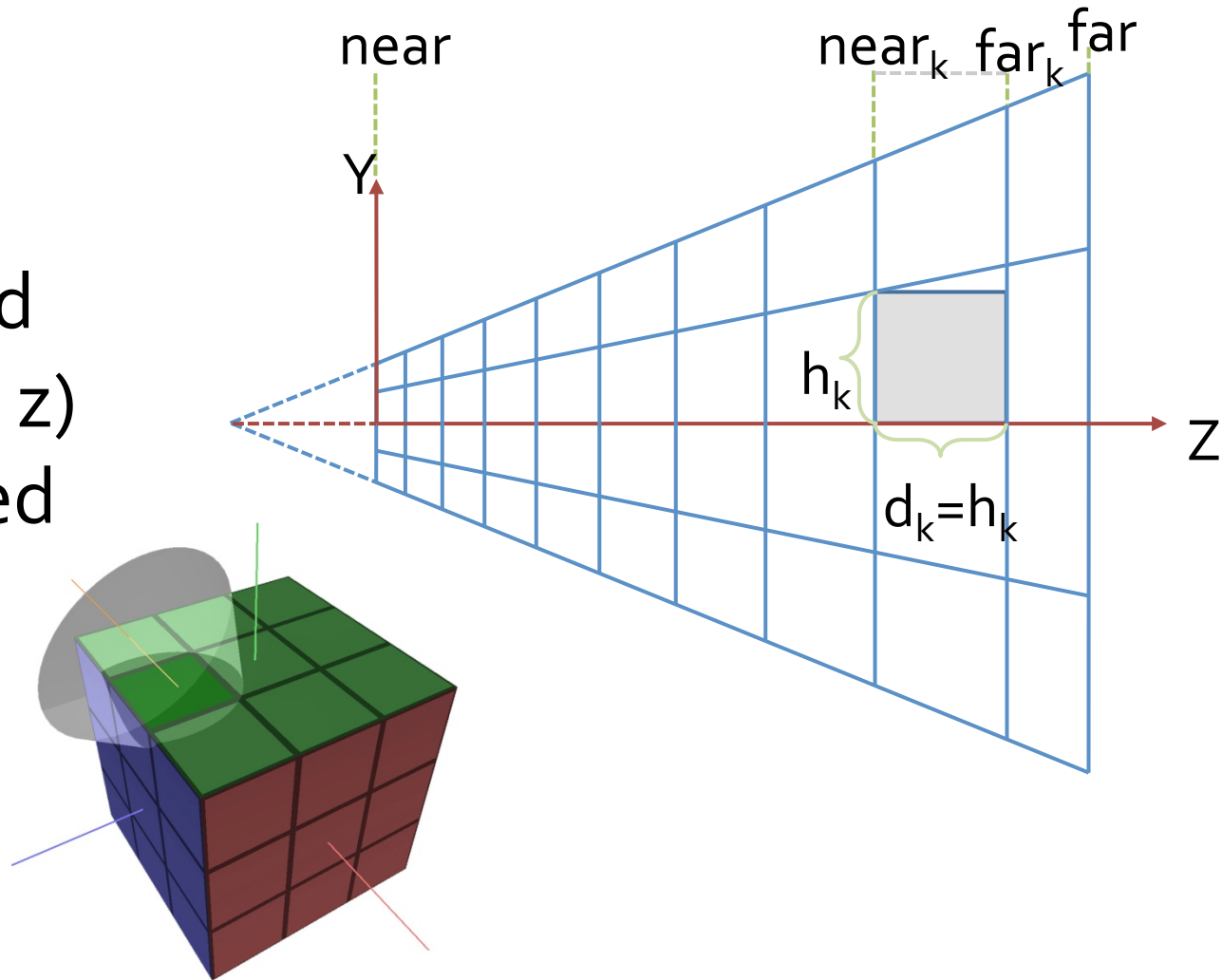
- Add the 3<sup>rd</sup> dimension
  - Tile also in depth direction = cluster
  - Also > 3 dimensions (e.g. normals)
- Bounded volume around samples
  - Shading cost ~ Light density.
- New Challenges
  - Many more (potential) clusters
    - Must find those actually used
  - Adding lights no longer screen space

# Clustered Shading -Algorithm

1. Rasterize G-Buffers
  - (Forward: pre-z pass)
2. Cluster assignment
3. Find unique clusters
4. Assign lights to clusters
5. Shade view samples

# Cluster Assignment

- Cluster key:
  - $(i, j, k, n)$
- $i, j$  – 2D tile id
- $k$  –  $\log(\text{view } z)$
- $n$  – quantized normal



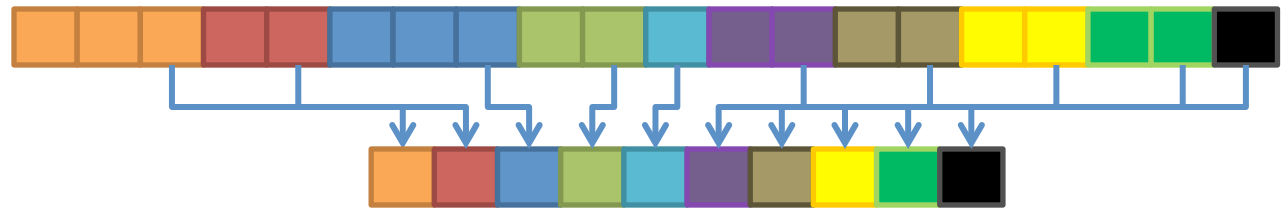
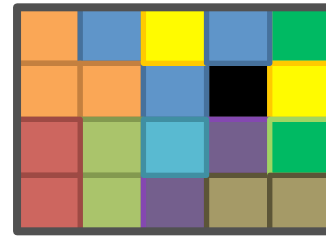
# Finding Unique Clusters

- In 2D just use full grid
- With 3D, too many potential cells
  - Especially with normal
  - E.g.  $60 \times 34 \times 300 \times 6 \times 3 \times 3 = 31\text{M}$   
 $i \times j \quad k \quad n$
- Two approaches tested
  - Sorting tiles locally
  - Global page table
    - *Virtual Grid*



# Finding Unique Clusters - Tile Sorting

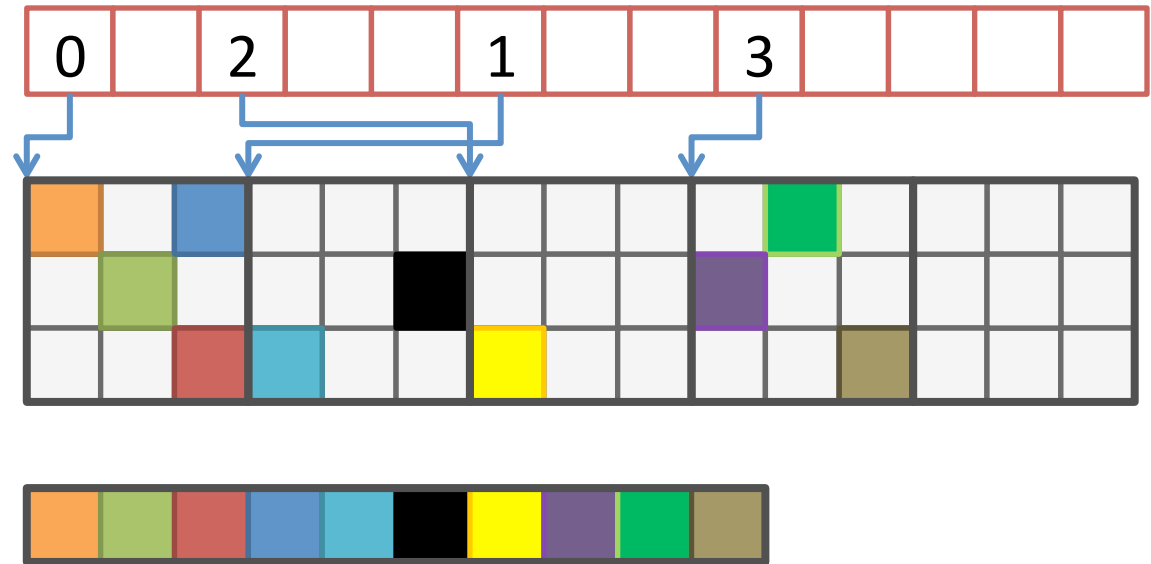
- Local Tile sorting
  - Shared memory
- Global prefix
  - small
- Meta data reduction
  - Normal Cones
  - Aabbs



# Finding Unique Clusters

## - Page Tables

- *Virtual* Grid (or range)
- Very Quick
- 2 Passes
  - Fermi
- 1 Pass
  - Kepler



# Light Assignment

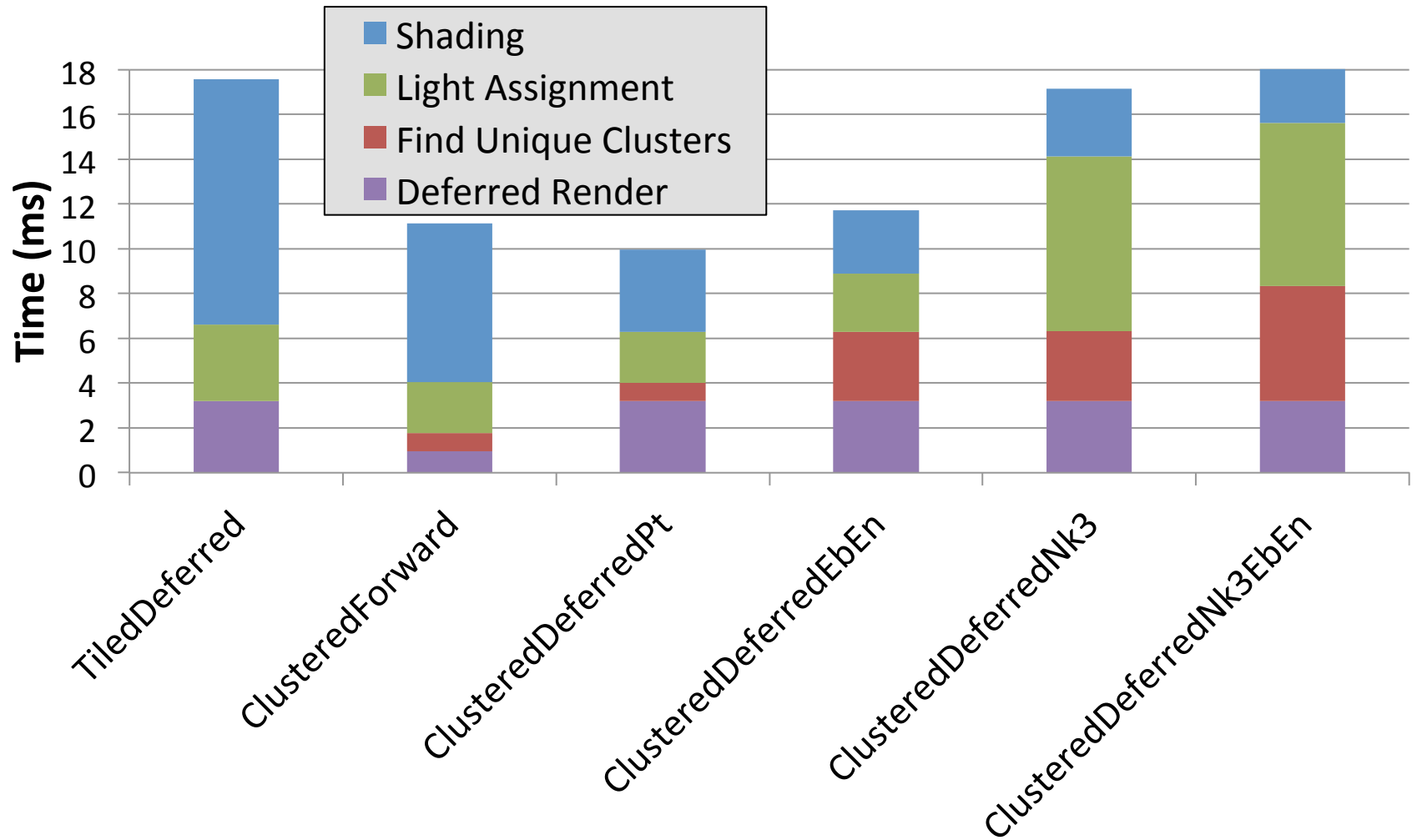
- More clusters
- More lights
- Hierarchical approach
  - Hierarchy over lights
  - Also possible
    - Hierarchy over clusters
    - Maybe better
  - Or Both
    - Probably best...

# Results

- Crytek Sponza
  - +Trees
  - 10k Lights



# Results



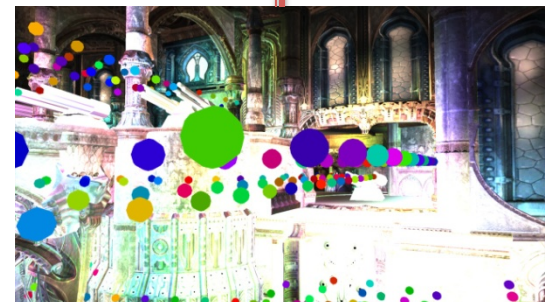
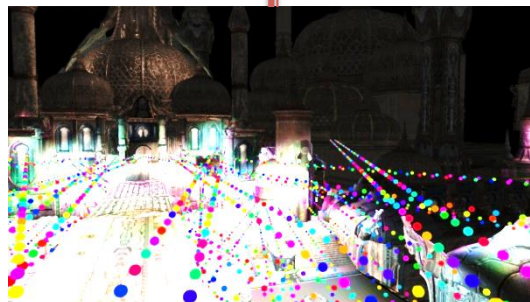
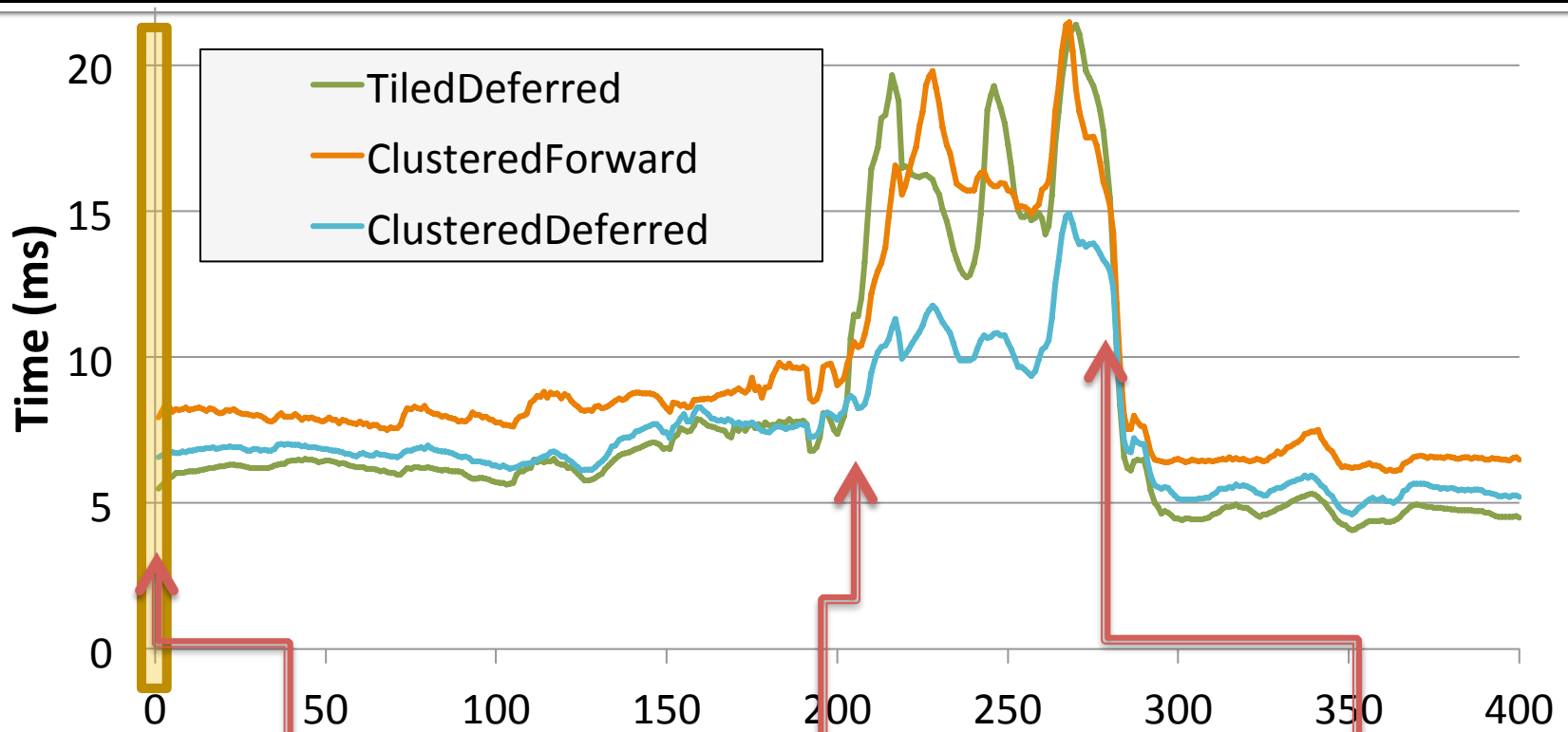
# Results

## Animation

- UDK Necropolis
  - Real game scene (no trees added)
- ~2M polys
- Normal maps
- ~2500 lights
  - In scene ~650 lights
  - Canons adding ~ 1800 more
- Animation on your USB stick



# Results





# Results

Tiled Shading

Light Comps. ~3M



Clustered Shading

Light Comps. ~2.5M



0

50

100

150

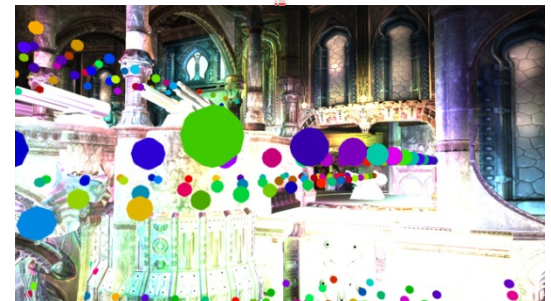
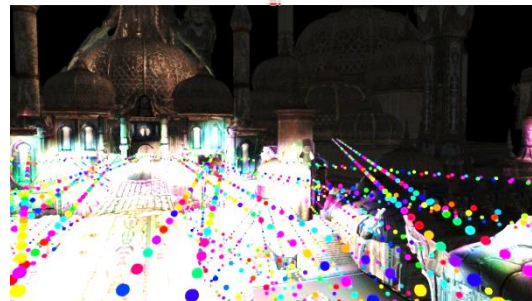
200

250

300

350

400





# Results

Tiled Shading

Frame. ~6 ms



Clustered Shading

Frame: 7 ms



0

50

100

150

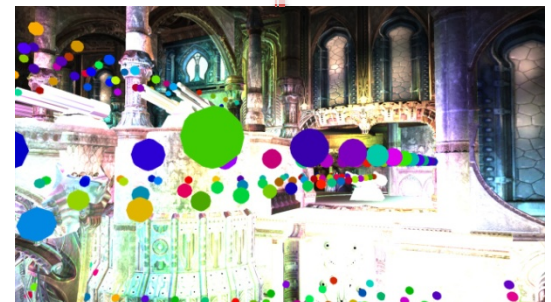
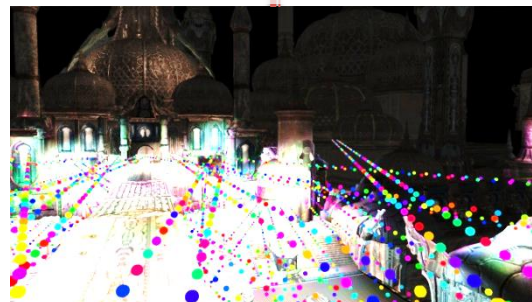
200

250

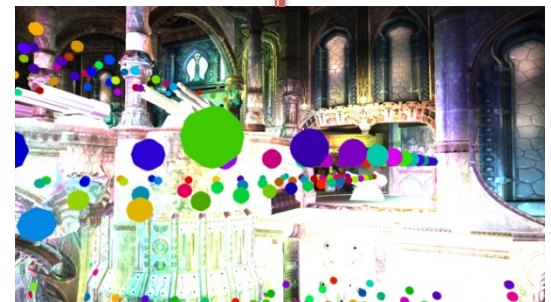
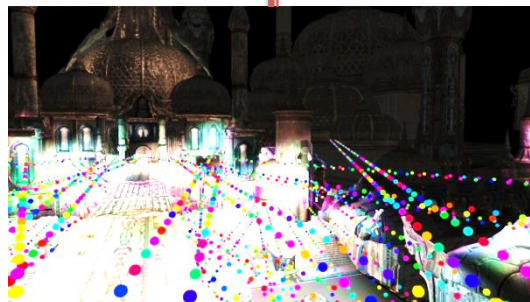
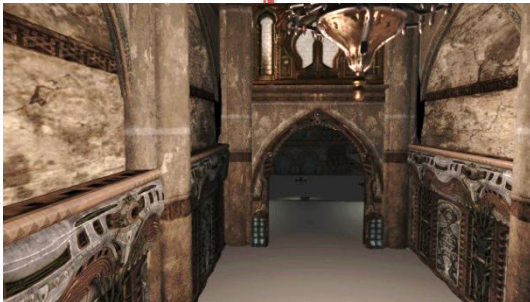
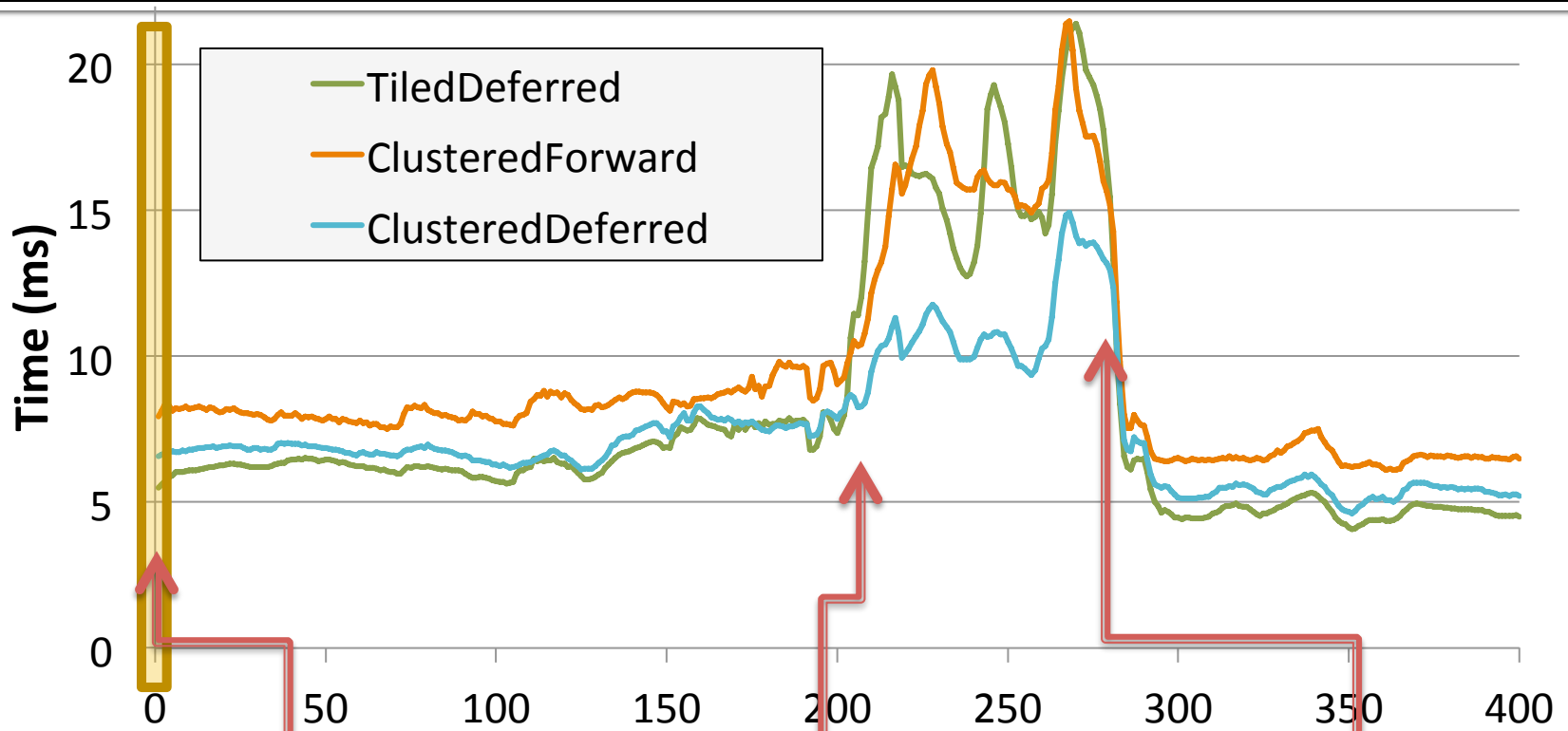
300

350

400



# Results

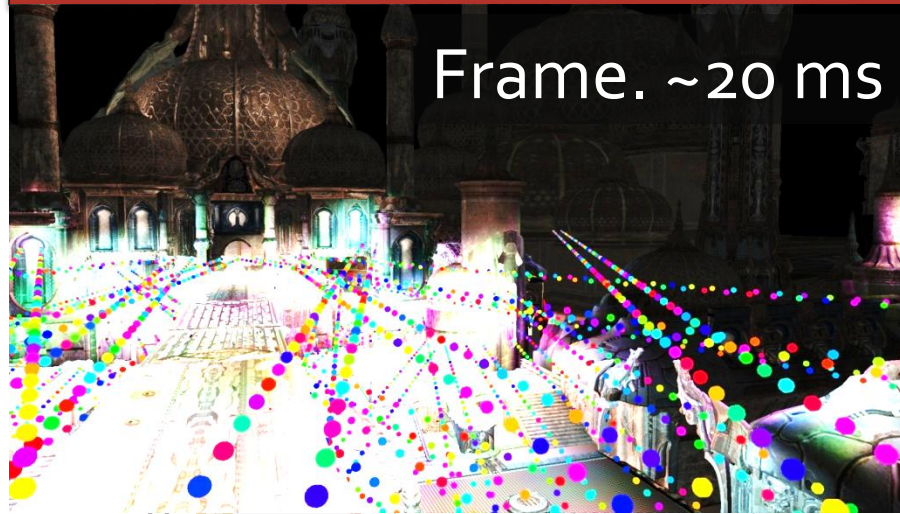




# Results

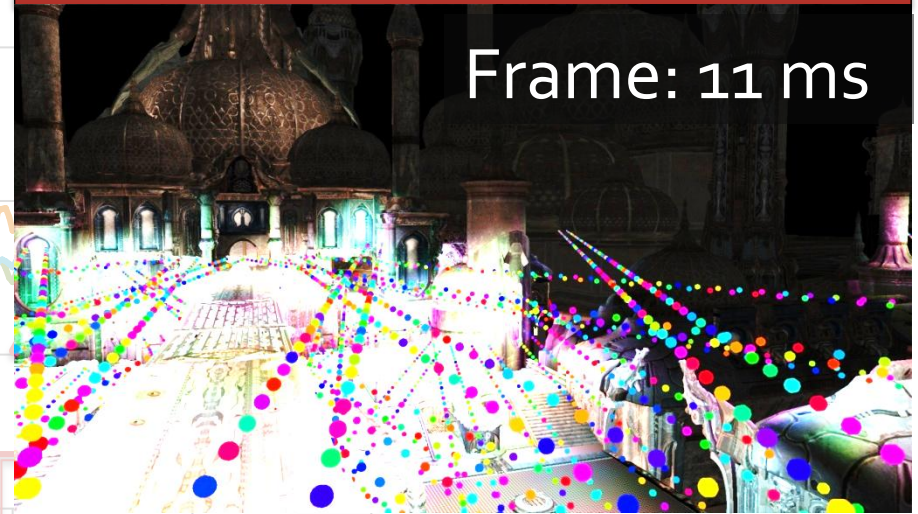
Tiled Shading

Frame. ~20 ms



Clustered Shading

Frame: 11 ms



0

50

100

150

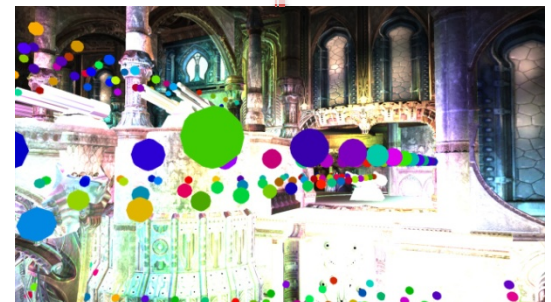
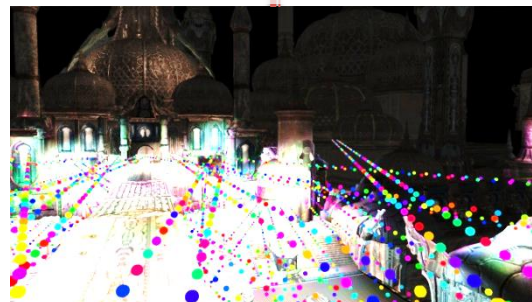
200

250

300

350

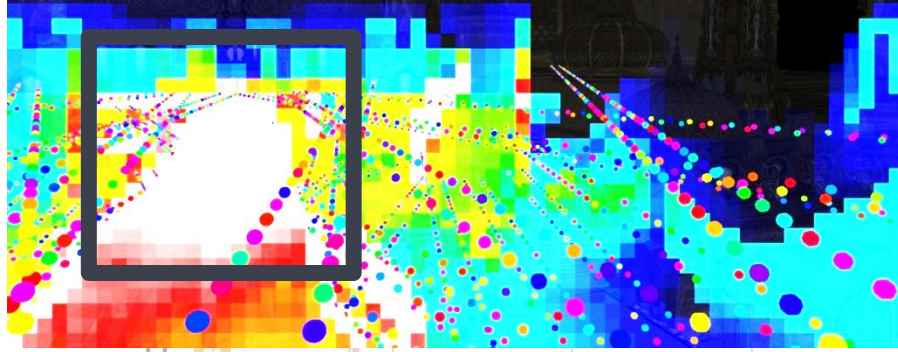
400



# Results

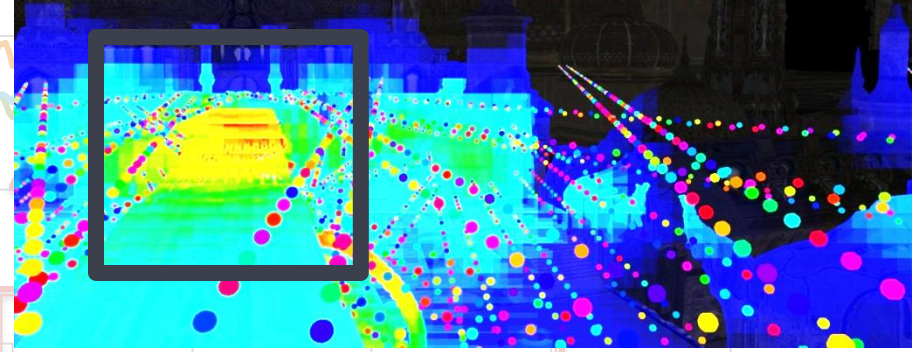
Tiled Shading

Light Comps. ~35M



Clustered Shading

Light Comps. ~15M



0

50

100

150

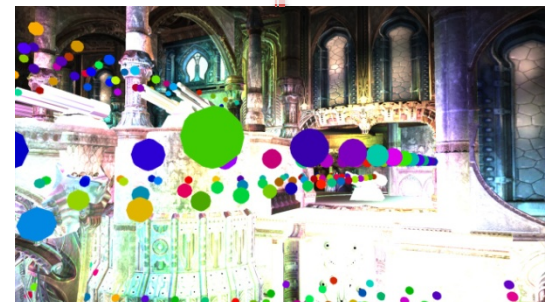
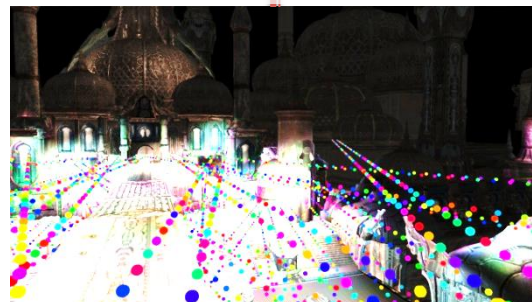
200

250

300

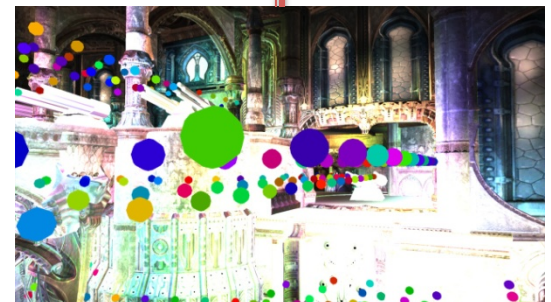
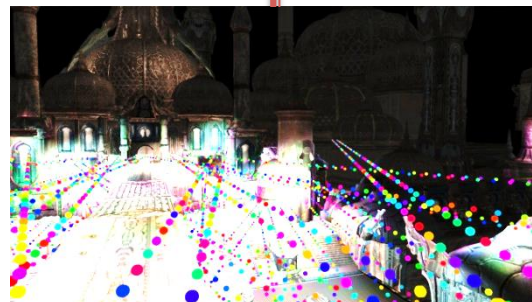
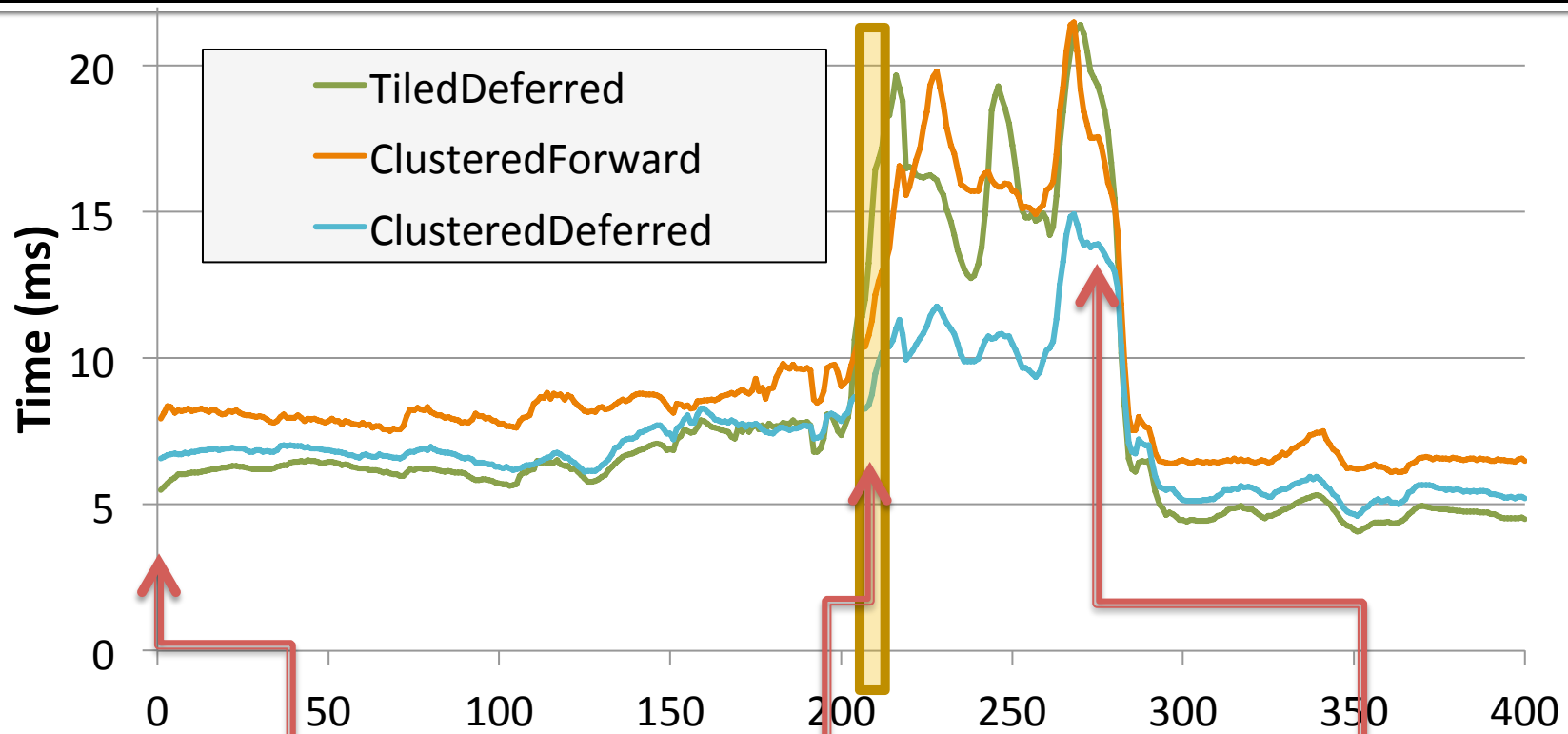
350

400





# Results



# Results

Tiled Shading

Frame. ~21 ms



Clustered Shading

Frame: 15 ms



0

50

100

150

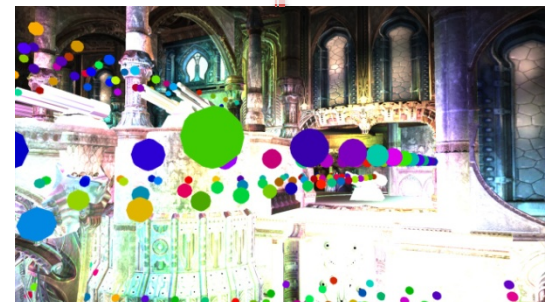
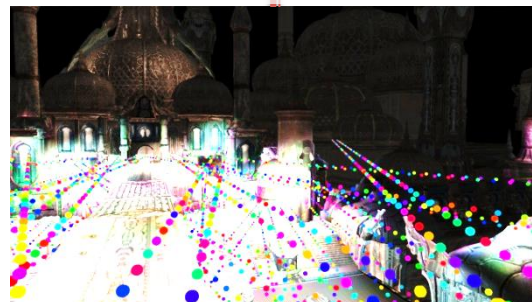
200

250

300

350

400

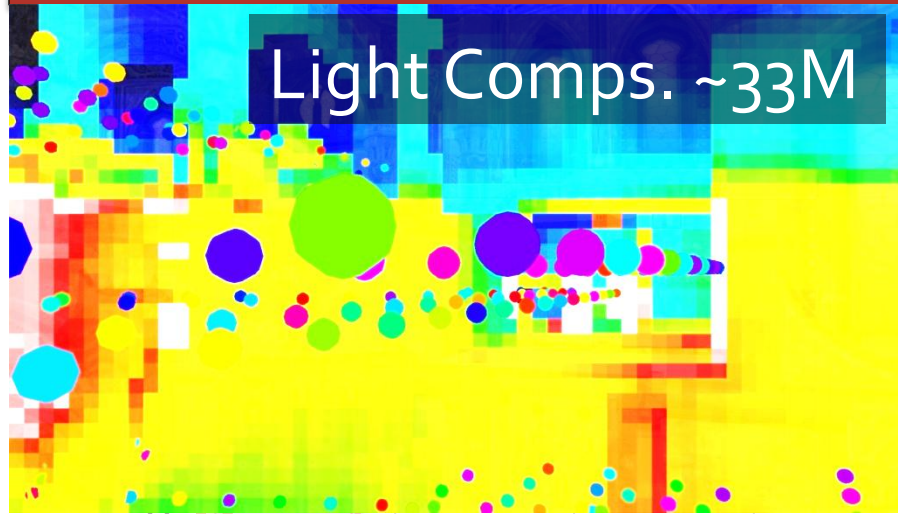




# Results

Tiled Shading

Light Comps. ~33M



Clustered Shading

Light Comps. ~17M



0

50

100

150

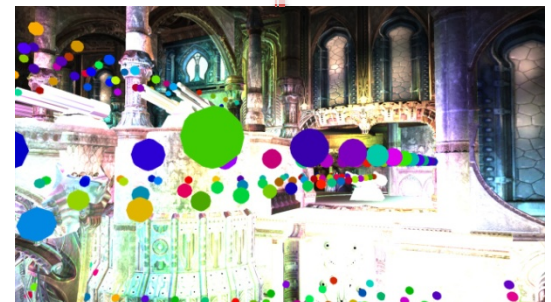
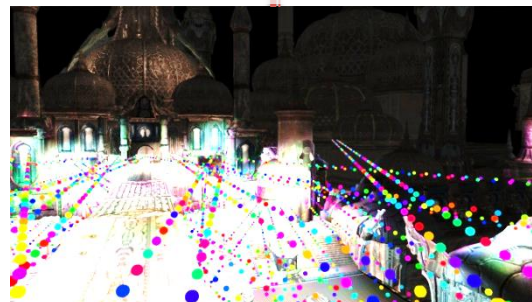
200

250

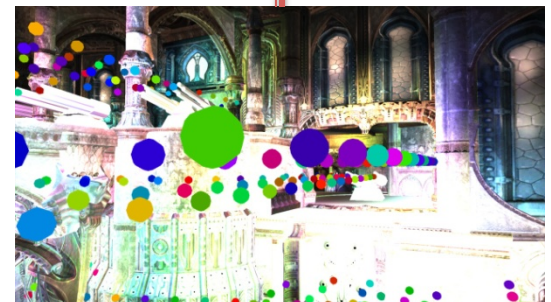
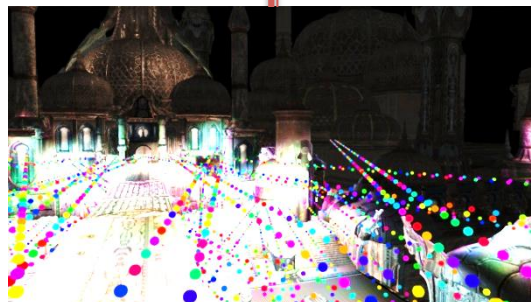
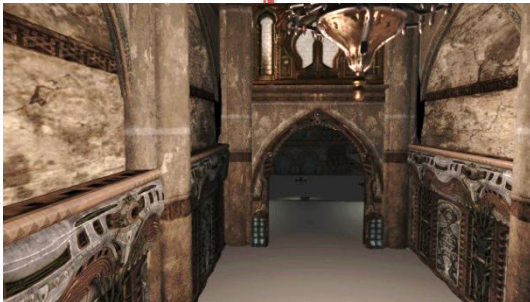
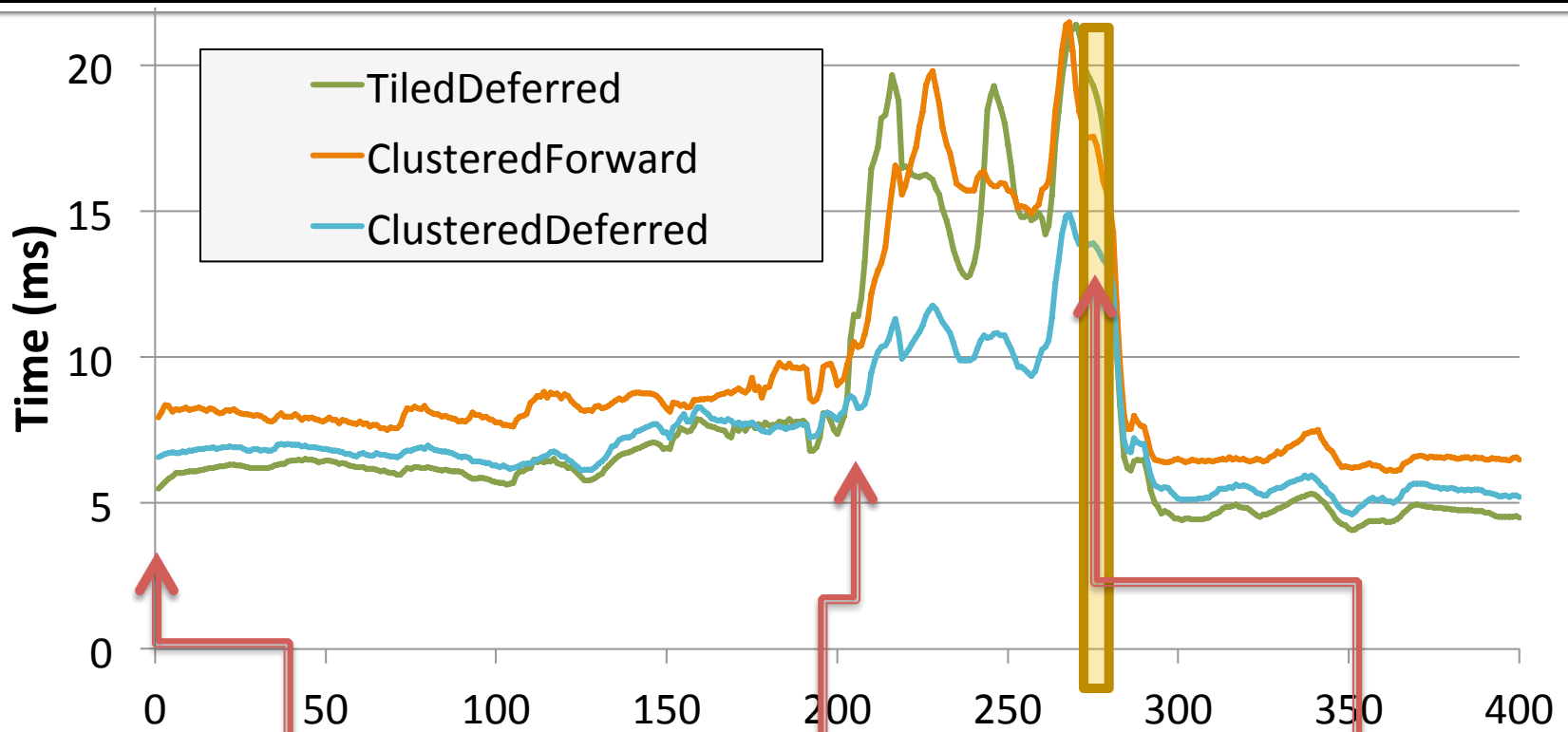
300

350

400



# Results





# Thanks

- Questions?
- Demo implementation available soon
  - Well, perhaps not until after summer...

`http://www.cse.chalmers.se/~olaolss`

# Culled Slides...

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# Forward Shading

- Motivation
  - MSAA G-Buffers (each):  
 $1920 \times 1080 \times 8 \times 16 = 250\text{Mb}$
  - Custom Shaders.
  - Transparency.
- Tiled Forward Shading
  - ~ 4x vs. Clustered Deferred (necropolis)
- Clustered Forward Shading
  - ~ 2x vs. Clustered Deferred
  - Significant improvement



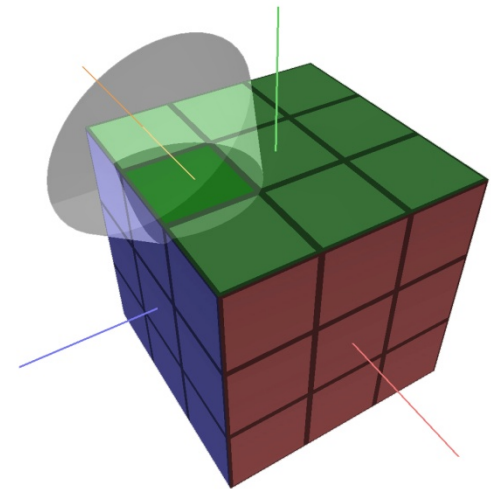
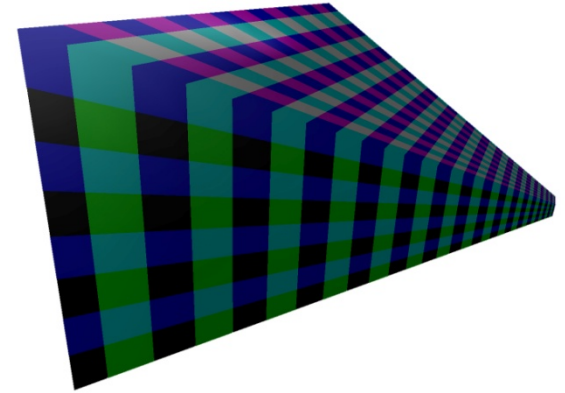
## Windows - Virtual Memory Minimum Too Low



Your system is low on virtual memory. Windows is increasing the size of your virtual memory paging file. During this process, memory requests for some applications may be denied. For more information, see Help.

# Implicit Cluster Bounds

- Index gives
  - Sub-frustum
- Quantized normal gives
  - Cone
  - Quantized, e.g.  $6 \times 3 \times 3$



# Explicit Cluster Bounds

- Cone for normals
- Aabb for positions
- Extra cost for construction
  - Not always offset
- Not easy with page tables.
  - Lots of atomics with collisions