

Imagination

HPG2012 - The Upwardly Mobile GPU

Simon Fenney - PowerVR Division 25 June, 2012

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Features have followed same, albeit accelerated, progression

- Texturing + fixed function pipeline →
- Programmable T&L \rightarrow
- Fragment & Compute shading

Always* will be a gap

- Due to power and relatively tiny SOC memory interfaces.
- *But* mobile performance is growing at much higher rate than desktop
- Top end mobile GPUs (i.e. Tablet) likely to soon equal mid-range desktop.

* Well, probably!

What's next?



• What features might we see in future mobile devices?

- HOS/Tessellation (but maybe not exactly the same as Desktop)
- High dimensional rendering
- Order Independent Translucency (it's been done before)
- Ray Tracing
- 'Mobile' should imply power efficiency
- So any new feature 'just' has to be done efficiently
 - But how?

Staying lean and mean.



Fully programmable HW is great but...

• Use flexible, fixed-function hardware for 'common' tasks

- e.g. 1080p video decode is ≈12mW with dedicated HW.
- Hard to achieve with general purpose HW.

SW: Use the right tool for the job

- SW needs to consider what things cost. E.g. precision
 - Will LowP (~10bits fixed) or MediumP (16-bit float) do?
 - Don't just jump to HighP (~32bit), (and do we really want 64-bit yet?)

Learn from Desktop – but be more aggressive.

- Consider Desktop as a 'prototype' and tweak e.g.
 - Mobile APIs: took Desktop versions and weeded out less efficient interfaces.
 - Texture compression: Desktop: 4~8bpp vs. Mobile: 2~4bpp
- Not convinced unification a good idea just yet.



Given the rapid expansion of the mobile market...

...might the rôles reverse?